



ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.

THURSDAY, MAY 13.

The Richmond Dispatch feels that there is a tide in the affairs of Virginia which must lead to fortune if our own people will be firm and hopeful—if they but be determined to resist the gloomy stories of the demagogues and reject their ruinous policy. It says: "We tell the people of Virginia that amongst the people of the better agricultural countries of Europe, and especially England, there is at this time a great desire to come to the Old Dominion. There is in England, as we have unquestionable reasons for believing, a large amount of capital held at the low rate of two to three per cent. interest that would be readily invested here if the capitalists could receive the assurance that there was an end of the repudiation agitation and that the credit of the State would be firmly maintained." And then adds: "The signs that give us hope and cheerfulness on this subject come through many channels. The most important of them is the State Department itself. They have made a strong impression upon the Executive. They will in time show for themselves in the earnest and energetic policy which our public spirited Governor will recommend. The policy of the Governor will run in the line of honor and solvency as the only hope of redeeming the State and relieving the people. Depend upon it, the policy of the demagogues is the reverse of this, and must lead to ruin and despair."

One of the most striking features of the Kentucky Democratic State Convention, which met at Frankfort last week, was the participation in the proceedings of the veteran abolitionist, the Hon. Cassius M. Clay. When he made his appearance he was greeted with loud applause, and spoke as follows:

"I feel sensibly the compliment you have paid me by this call to address a few words to this distinguished and most important gathering of the Democratic party. [Applause.] But I feel still more sensibly impressed by the cordiality with which you receive me among you, so that I may justly say that, although I am not easily terrified, but being amongst the un-terrified, I am to-day a little terrified. [Laughter and applause.] Gentlemen, I know there is too much to be done here to-day to listen to speeches at this time. I thank you for what I know you intend as a compliment. Allow me to say that I have always professed to be a Democrat. I am an old-fashioned Jefferson Democrat. We stand to-day upon the same platform. You are there, and I am there, and we are together. I do not care who criticizes, but I believe you are to-day the true defenders of the Republican and Democratic principles of 1776. The Democratic party to-day stands upon these principles, and it is the true defender of the constitutional liberties of this country. Therefore, if I am not untrue myself, I am nothing else but a Democrat, and am not ashamed to be enlisted under such names as Jefferson, Madison, and Jackson. [Applause.]"

The only notable incident in the Brooklyn scandal trial yesterday was the appearance of Mrs. Woodhull in court, escorted by Mr. Shearman. The counsel for defendant were anxious to get hold of certain letters in Mrs. Woodhull's possession, to use them in the cross-examination of Tilton after he gave his testimony in rebuttal. A subpoena was issued for Mrs. Woodhull, and she came into court with the letters in her pocket. In order to get an opportunity to say something to Judge Neilson, she refused to deliver them up until so directed by his Honor. There was some discussion between counsel as to whether the court had a right to make such an order. The letters were handed over to defendant's counsel, and Tilton's cross-examination was postponed until they have time to examine these documents. The plaintiff's counsel announced that their rebuttal testimony had been submitted. The sub-rebuttal was begun by the defence. The taking of testimony cannot last more than a day or two longer.

The Canadians are moving for a centennial too, of a peculiarly interesting nature. At a meeting of the York Pioneers in Toronto, the other day, the secretary read the following resolution adopted by the St. Catherine Historical Society: "That in consequence of the present attempt on the part of citizens of the United States to inaugurate a centennial celebration of the revolution of 1776, it is the duty of Canadians to take the initiative in preparing for the one hundredth anniversary of the exodus of their ancestors, which first drew the dividing line between people descended from common stock, and led to the settlement of Ontario and the maritime provinces." Action was deferred until the next meeting.

The Attorney General of the United States decides that enrollment before the proclamation and orders mentioned in the act of April 22, 1872, does not preclude a claim for bounty where the company or regiment was mustered in prior to July 22, 1861, under said proclamation and orders. The question grew out of a claim for bounty by a member of the Fire Zouaves, who, by the death of Col. Ellsworth and the desertion of a large number of the regiment after the battle of Bull Run, became unserviceable and was mustered out. The question whether a discharge under such circumstances can be considered honorable is decided affirmatively; as the discharge certificate does not show to the contrary.

A telegram from Lexington, Ky., last night, states that Gen. John C. Breckinridge is sinking rapidly, and death may be expected at any moment. An important surgical operation was performed upon the General on Tuesday, by Dr. Gross, of Philadelphia, and Dr. Sayre, of New York. His chest was penetrated by tubes inserted between the ribs, and some relief was afforded. The physicians were of the opinion that the general's liver was injured by a blow received during the war from a fragment of

shell, and that his present suffering is due entirely to that cause. The physicians entertained hopes that the operation would prove of permanent advantage to the patient, but their hopes appear to have been not well founded.

The legislative committee at Montgomery, investigating the means by which Senator Spencer, of Alabama, secured his election, has taken a large mass of testimony, corroborative of that already published, to the effect that the election was obtained by systematic fraud and corruption and the use of U. S. troops for purposes of intimidation. It is related that one member of the Legislature was bribed and another drugged to insensibility, while a third was paid to deliberately violate his word. The money used in corrupting the members was Government funds, borrowed for the purpose from post and revenue officials.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Washington City and Point Lookout Railroad Company was held in Washington, yesterday, and S. T. Suit and Horace Crozier, of Prince George's county; S. Sprigg Belt, F. P. Stevens and J. J. Stewart, of Baltimore city, and D. S. Walker and George T. May, of Washington, were elected Directors for the ensuing year. The President submitted his annual report, in which it is stated that the road is out of debt, except the bonded debt of its branch road, which is provided for by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company.

President Grant has addressed an autograph letter to his Excellency Don Ponce de Leon, President of Honduras, in which he styles him his "great and good friend," acknowledges the receipt of his letter of 4th February last informing him of his—Don Ponce de Leon's—election; congratulates him on that happy event, and hopes that he will successfully execute the duties of his high office. After the usual expressions of amicable feeling, he concludes with a prayer that the Almighty may have him—Leiva—"in His holy keeping, and is his good friend, Ulisses S. Grant."

J. J. McKenon, "agent of the American Bond Funding and Banking Association, limited, of London," has been arrested at Chicago at the instance of Col. J. L. Carrington, of Richmond, on the charge of defrauding him out of \$1,000 with worthless drafts on London. McKenon spent some time in Richmond last winter for the alleged purpose of effecting some settlement between the State of Virginia and its bondholders abroad, and was treated with great respect and confidence.

There seems scarcely any doubt at Washington that the recently appointed Sixth Auditor of the Treasury has been notified that his resignation will be accepted. As rumor has it, his resignation is demanded not on the ground of his inefficiency or integrity as a public officer, but on account of his personal relations with Senator Spencer, Jerome J. Hines (recently indicted for contract frauds) and others who are believed to have had at least some knowledge of said frauds.

Yesterday's proceedings in the International Sunday-school Convention, in Baltimore, were of a very interesting character. A most liberal spirit was evinced in the addresses of the delegates, detailing the work and plans for the future in the proper education of the youth of the country. A message of Christian sympathy and encouragement was directed to be prepared and sent by telegram to Messrs. Moody and Sankey. The Convention will, it is anticipated, close its labors to-night.

The Berlin North-German Gazette says: We can give assurance that the relations of German and France have at no time since the war been more friendly and satisfactory than they now are. The Provincial Correspondence, a semi-official journal, declares that Germany desires peace and is able to rely on a union with a powerful neighbor to repress any possible foreign ambition aiming at its disturbance.

A triennial meeting of the general society of the Cincinnati was begun at Delmonico's, in New York, yesterday, representatives being present from various State societies. Hamilton Fish presided. Reports showed that the different State societies were flourishing. A collation was given the delegates in the evening at the Union Club by the New York society. The meeting will adjourn this evening.

Mr. Isaac D. Jones continued his argument, yesterday, in Washington, in behalf of the State of Maryland before the arbitrators to settle the boundary line between Maryland and Virginia. The present meeting will probably adjourn on Saturday. It is understood that at some time in the future the visit to the lower end of the Chesapeake Bay, suggested by the Maryland counsel, will be made.

At the late meeting of the College of Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church South a committee of fraternalization to the next General Conference of the M. E. Church was appointed; also a commission to meet a like commission from that Church with a view to the removal of all obstacles to formal fraternity between the two Churches.

Miss Caroline Crane, one of the victims of the Schiller disaster, was a niece of the wife of Senator Edmunds, of Vermont, with whom she passed the winter in Washington. She was on her way to Europe to spend two years with the family of Minister Marsh, and to study the arts in Italy.

The Richmond Whig says: "According to the statement of the clerk of the Hustings Court there is only one bar-room in the city; all the others are inns or 'ordinaries,' only one man so far having acknowledged that he keeps a bar-room, and forked over the license therefor."

Hon. James B. Beck hopes to be the next United States Senator from Kentucky. He told a reporter of The Cincinnati Enquirer recently that he made no disguise of the fact that he was a candidate, and that he should do all in his power to secure his election.

Five houses, one church and three stables were burned in the borough of Boyertown, Berks county, Pa., yesterday, involving a total loss of \$10,000. The buildings were mostly insured, but the amount has not been ascertained.

A Washington press dispatch states that nothing is known at the Executive Mansion of the reported probable resignation of Secretary Fish at the end of the present fiscal year. It is stated that the Cuban league is at the bottom of these reports.

Since the 15th of September, 1874, nearly 300,000 bales of cotton have been received at Norfolk, Va., showing probable receipts for the current year of over 500,000 bales, or one seventh of the entire crop of the country.

At the monthly meeting of the directors of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, yesterday, President Garrett expressed himself as highly gratified with the results of the railroad war.

Embalming has gone from London to the scene of the Schiller disaster to take charge of the remains of persons ordered to be embalmed.

The Washington Chronicle says: "The Republican party will not die before its time comes." True, but the time is coming very shortly.

NEWS OF THE DAY

"To show the very age and body of the Times"

Lewis C. Clearmont, alias Alfred B. Forrest, has been held in \$5,000 bail at Philadelphia to answer for the larceny of over \$18,000 worth of diamonds from Joseph L. D. Wine. The theft was committed August 30, 1872, since which time complainant had not laid eyes on defendant. It seems that Clearmont formed the acquaintance of a member of Mr. D. Wine's family at Long Branch and married her one month later. It is alleged he ran away, taking the diamonds with him. The arrest was made in New York city.

The most perfectly shaped man or woman is unsymmetrical—that is to say, there is a marked unlikeness between the two sides of the body. The two sides of the face (which is most seen, and therefore, permits of more accurate study) will be found always to exhibit considerable differences. Probably no two sides of any human face are precisely alike. It is the same with every limb. No pair of limbs is shaped alike. One hand is almost always larger than the other; so with the foot; so with the leg and arm.

Henry Lee, a member of the stock company at the Holiday Street theatre, Baltimore while appearing in the play "Baffled" last evening, was taken suddenly ill on the stage, showing symptoms of paralysis. A physician was sent for who examined the suffering actor, and said that he had been poisoned by the paint used in coloring his lips. Hopes are entertained of his recovery.

The Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic assembled yesterday in Chicago, and were received with an address of welcome by Gov. Beveridge. Gen. Devins, the present Commander-in-Chief, declines a reelection, and will probably be succeeded by Gov. Harrison, of Pennsylvania. Reports were read showing a large increase in membership.

The fifth annual meeting of the American Tract Society convened in New York yesterday. The old officers, with the exception of some few changes in the Vice Presidents and Directors, were reelected. The reports submitted show the Society to be in a flourishing condition with a considerable balance in the treasury after defraying all necessary expenses.

The Secretary of the treasury was informed yesterday of the additional seizures of distilleries. A searching investigation will be made into the conduct of supervisors and other prominent internal revenue officers, and all against whom charges have been or may be preferred, with a view to secure prompt punishment of the guilty parties engaged in whiskey frauds.

Philadelphia police are in search of a man who opened a clothing store in Pottsville, Pa., recently, bought goods of Philadelphia and New York merchants and then skipped. As the sharper was quoted as worth \$50,000 he obtained the goods on credit. He is said to have left Pottsville after swindling the bank at that place out of \$500.

Prof. E. E. Rogers, of the University of Pennsylvania, left Philadelphia yesterday for San Francisco to superintend the construction of the extensive building in the new mint in the latter city. It is expected that the new refinery will be completed and in readiness for operation in about ninety days.

The fourth annual meeting of the Underwriters' Association of the South commenced at Savannah yesterday. The attendance was large including representatives of all Southern cities, and from the North and West.

A dispatch from Wilkesbarre, Pa., states that there is a likelihood of a break between the Irish and Welsh miners. Much dissatisfaction exists among the strikers, and some of them are returning to work at several points.

There will be a meeting of the State Board of Immigration on the 20th of May in Richmond. The leading railroad officials in the Commonwealth have been invited to attend and have signified their intention to be present.

Ex-Senator Pratt, the new Commissioner of Internal Revenue, called on President Grant and Secretary Bristow yesterday, and afterward visited the Internal Revenue office. He will probably enter upon his duties next week.

The rumor that ex-Gov. Cooke, of Washington, has sailed for Europe in connection with transactions in District of Columbia bonds is erroneous.

The American Gaslight Association met at Washington yesterday in semi-annual convention. Representatives were present from all parts of the United States and Canada.

The Postmaster General is preparing a new five cent stamp for international postage under the Bernie treaty. The vignette will contain a full faced picture of Gen. Zachary Taylor.

Specie shipments from New York for Europe yesterday amounted to \$572,770, of which \$550,000 were gold coin. The remainder was silver.

A dispatch from Havana, Cuba, announces the suspension of De Jogh & Co., of Santiago de Cuba. Their liabilities are estimated at \$250,000.

Secretary Bristow has accepted an invitation to deliver an address at the dedication of the graves of Union soldiers at Cave Hill Cemetery, Louisville, Ky., on the 29th inst.

The Russian Government has signed a convention with Japan, by which the Japanese part of the Island of Saghalien is ceded to Russia.

The third General Council of the Reformed Episcopal Church met yesterday in Chicago, and the session will last about ten days.

A special dispatch to the New Orleans Picayune reports a destructive fire at Bryan, Texas. Loss \$100,000; insurance \$30,000.

Guatemala has issued a decree recognizing the independence of the Cuban republic, and establishing official relations with it.

Two steam barges from Chicago forced an entrance through the ice at the entrance of Buffalo, N. Y., harbor yesterday.

Vice President Wilson left Little Rock yesterday afternoon for St. Louis.

Radical Meeting.

A meeting of the Fourth Ward Radicals was held last night in the colored Odd Fellows Hall, on South Columbus street, Wm. Miller, president of the club, in the chair and H. L. Harris acting as secretary.

A motion to go into an election of officers of the ward was adopted.

John A. Seaton was nominated for president but declined.

Wm. Miller and R. B. Hopkins were nominated.

Several others were put in nomination but declined in favor of the present incumbent.

A motion to close the nominations was here made, but was withdrawn to allow the nomination of George Cooper and Robert Gaines, both of whom declined, the latter saying he did not accept any office, the duties of which he could not perform. He accused the present incumbent of not doing his duty in calling the club together and having it organized in time to accomplish something.

It was here resolved to postpone the election of officers of the club until the next meeting, which resolution being adopted, R. H. Lyles rose and said that he desired to express his thanks to the voters of the Fourth Ward for the honor they had conferred upon him in electing him to the Board of Aldermen. He had tried in his official capacity to do so, and to do so vote on all questions as would benefit the people. He said that he had been treated with uniform courtesy by all the members of the Board, but complained that colored men were ignored on all important committees. He declined a re-nomination.

A collection to pay for the hall was here taken up, after which a motion was made to go into nomination for members of Council, but was ruled out of order by the president on the ground that the meeting was not called for that purpose.

The following resolutions were offered by R. L. Mitchell:

Whereas, we believe it is the desire of the Republican party that the organization of the party shall be kept intact in every state, county and city throughout the country, in order that the party may be the better prepared for the great contest to take place in 1876, and as we believe that it is neither the purpose, or intention of the party to retain in office, in any community, men who are inimical to the best interests of the party, who are unpopular in the community, and whose influence, and whose acts tend to disorganize and destroy the party, and who persistently make discriminations against true and influential Republicans solely on the ground of color, and appoint to office men who are not identified with the party, and who have no sympathy or love for its great principles; and whereas, we have waited on these gentlemen and urged them, for the good of the party, in this city, and in this Congressional District, to take some action, and they having signified no desire or intention to take any steps that will lead to the harmonizing of the party in this city; and whereas they lend no influence, or aid in the elections, therefore be it

Resolved, That while we believe in the tenure of the Republican party, and while we shall support the party and labor for its success, we unanimously call upon the President of the United States to cause a reorganization in the departments in the Alexandria Custom House, Internal Revenue and Postoffice, and cause to be appointed men who are thoroughly in sympathy with the party, and who will be active in its support.

Resolved, That a committee of ten be appointed to wait on the President, and on the Heads of the various Departments, and represent to them the true condition of affairs in this city.

At the conclusion of the reading there was loud applause.

Speeches were made in support of the resolutions by A. W. Harris, Robert Gaines and others.

John A. Seaton obtaining the floor said that he had not desired to have anything to say, but having a short time to stay here and a long time to stay away, he would not be true to his posterity if he did not say these resolutions were the best that had ever been offered in this hall. They expressed the sentiments he believed of every man in this hall. [Cries of yes, preach it, &c.] He had always been a Republican, and had in the past spent his means for the prosperity of the party, but if these political tricksters and demagogues were to be the leaders in the future it was a question in his mind as to where he would spend his means. He related a circumstance which took place in 1872 when President Grant was nominated for the presidency, when he, in company with other prominent Republicans of the city, had waited on Mr. White and asked his aid in getting up a grand demonstration. White positively refused, saying that he would not have anything to do with it till after the meeting of the Baltimore convention. Seaton feeling nothing daunted, when to Washington. After seeing the other officials and meeting with such replies as the one given by White, he hired a band, erected a stand in front of the postoffice building, and when all things were ready, White crept in, and being a better political gambler than himself, cheated him of his honor by using the chicanery for which he is so well noted. He came in and declared himself in favor of the movement and requested to be allowed to take some part. The part he took was to invite the speakers. He thereby gained the honor of having got up a great demonstration, when in truth he had done nothing towards it more than to invite speakers when all things were arranged. He was in favor of having such men as these ousted in toto and good men who were not extremist put in such places as E. E. White, David Turner and W. N. Berkeley held, for instance a man like Col. Ball was a good man and would fill the office of Collector of Revenue in an admirable manner, and to the satisfaction of all parties concerned. The sooner the whites and blacks of the South know that their interest is bound up together, and that these political pack-suckers must be ousted, the better it will be for all concerned.

The resolutions were then unanimously adopted, after which the meeting adjourned.

PROPOSED PURCHASE.—The Cumberland News says: "From a gentleman who was in this city a few days since we learn that the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company is in negotiation with the heirs of the late Andrew Stewart for the purchase of a large tract of land at Ohio, Pyle Falls, on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, about seventy five miles from this city. The water power is said to be so excellent on this continent. Years ago the government came near purchasing there for the location of an armory, but the matter never was consummated. It is not improbable that the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company is moving in the direction named. Their large and rapidly increasing trade with the west, and their projected line via the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad will render the selection a necessary and appropriate one. Besides this we here it rumored that at no very distant day the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad will remove their entire shops from Mt. Clare to New Creek, Cumberland and elsewhere. The property now occupied at Mt. Clare is not especially useful, and has become too valuable by reason of Baltimore's growth, to be retained unsold and unproductive, and a wide margin between what it would sell for and what now could be purchased at exists. In addition, the further away from Baltimore the shops are placed the nearer to the coal supply they would be. Hence we deem it not at all unlikely that after New Creek and Cumberland the location on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad will receive attention."

An "Old Catholic" school in Koenigsbute, Silesia, was mobbed by women, Tuesday, who were opposed to its establishment.

The president of Peru has been authorized to dispose of 200,000 tons of guano in the United States at any price exceeding \$30 per ton.

LETTER FROM THE EPISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL.—A love-sick swain at the Episcopal High School, near this city, thus writes to the Lynchburg Star:

"The measles broke out in this school last Monday. At present only six have it. It broke out at a very unlucky time, for it had the effect of driving the Lynchburg bachelors home, much to the disappointment of my schoolmates, and the night before their departure the parlor was crowded, and all seemed loath to bid farewell. I remember hearing the following verse of Byron frequently quoted:

"Maid of Athens, ere we part,
Give, O give me back my heart.
Or, since that has left my breast,
Keep it now, and take the rest!
Here my vow before I go."
My life, I love thee.

"But they changed Athens to Lynchburg, so that the first line is read—

"Maid of Lynchburg, ere we part."

"I never saw before, and I hope never to see again, so many disconsolate and grief-stricken faces were present at this school on the day of their departure. The base hall grounds, which are generally well patronized, were forsaken, and none seemed anxious to drown their grief in a game of ball; he and there could be seen a student sadly strolling along by his self with red eyes and a sad-stained face. Oh, what a pitiful sight was this! Scarcely anything was eaten; all seemed to bewail the departure of the L. Belles. They left this place below and with the best wishes of all, not leaving one behind with an unfriendly feeling having offended none. Their visit seemed to us as that of angels. We look forward with eager and longing hearts in bright anticipation of seeing them at our Final Celebration. I don't know how it is, the mail has suddenly increased a great deal; of course I do not intend to insinuate anything; I only mean that it is a very curious fact.

"Mr. W. R. Abbot, of Bellevue, has accepted an invitation to deliver the final address before our school, and Mr. Robinson, of Washington, has also accepted an invitation to address our society at its final celebration. Hoping for the future prosperity of your paper,

"I remain, yours respectfully,

"BARLEY."

GREENBRIER WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.—Under the head of Summer resorts will be found the advertisement for the present season of these celebrated and delightful springs, from which it will be seen that they will be open for visitors from the 15th instant, having been released, refurnished and thoroughly repaired by Messrs. Geo. L. Peyton & Co.—the well-known managers of these, Virginia's greatest resort of health, wealth and pleasure.

This season the "old white" will be particularly attractive to business men, as the National Cotton Convention will be held there on the 21st of July. Politicians from all sections will be on hand for the purpose of discussing the organization of the next House of Representatives, while beauty will be as usual unrivalled from all sections of our great country to attend the several masquerade and fancy dress balls referred to in the advertisement. In fact, notwithstanding the "hard times," we learn from Maj. Eakle, the polite and courteous manager, that everything indicates a prosperous season, with large crowds, gay company, exciting times and a good time generally.

MINERS' MOB.—A scene of wild excitement occurred at the mines of Fisher & Whitehead, near Huntingdon, Pa., Tuesday. A force of men was taken to the mines while the strikers were having a meeting, which, on learning the fact, broke up in confusion, and about nine hundred armed men and women went to drive them off. The proprietors refused to permit them to enter their premises, but a parley was allowed. The new comers, however, refused to leave. The mob then made a furious charge, sweeping over Mr. Fisher and his party. Men and women brandishing clubs entered the houses, some of the men were seized and dragged out, their baggage pitched after them, doors broken down and provisions and valuables appropriated. Men who had been at work for weeks were also marched out, and all taken towards Tyrone. The sheriff had promised to be in attendance to protect the men but did not arrive. The mob have full control at present.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Will the Fire Wardens inform us where they get the power to regulate the ringing of the alarm bells? Their late order on the subject may be a very proper one, but I trust, and believe, that no company will submit to it unless it is given by the only lawful authority, the Board of Directors of the Fire Department; a body which seems to be studiously ignored by the Board of Wardens. When will the Wardens learn that they have no power but what the law gives them?

HYDRAULION.
Hon. Jefferson Davis on Tuesday delivered the annual address at Houston, Texas, at the State fair.

The New York Senate has passed a resolution for a reduction of the canal tolls.

DIED.
On the 11th instant, OWEN CARROLL, in the nineteenth year of his age, a native of Ireland, but for the last fifty years a resident of Prince George's county, Md.

B & U PURCHASE
Take a look at
DEALHAM'S MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY
OF
CLOTHING
AND
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS
Comprising the finest Suits of Clothing, and a variety of the latest novelties in Furnishing Goods. Among the latter, just received, a full line of
FRENCH KID GLOVES,
which I will sell on condition to return the purchase money without gain or loss for any that may rip or tear.

MY PRICES ARE TO SUIT THE TIMES.
Call early at S. DEALHAM'S,
The Fashionable Clothier,
my 13 No. 59 King street.

ALEXANDRIA WATER COMPANY.
A dividend of TWO DOLLARS per share will be paid to the stockholders at the office of the company, No. 75 Prince st., on and after Saturday, the 15th instant.

my 13-21 T. D. FENDALL, Treasurer.

MOTHS! MOTHS! We have on hand a large stock of what is believed to be the best and cheapest preventive for Moths. For sale by

my 10 E. S. LEADBEATER & BRO.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE, of every quality and description. A large stock on hand at low prices.

J. T. CREIGHTON & SON,
83 King street.

FOR choice brands of Extra and Family FLOUR at low figures go to
GEO. MCBURNEY & SON'S,
166 and 170 King street.

THE THIRD LOT OF CULINARY SALT received this day; an excellent article for the table; for sale cheap at 147 King st.

my 9 W. M. F. BROOKES.

BRITISH EGG AND BUTTER POWDER. No family should fail to try it. For sale at 147 King street.

my 9 W. M. F. BROOKES.

POTATOES—200 bushels PEACH BLOW POTATOES in store and for sale by

W. A. JOHNSON,
No. 44 Cor. Pitt and Queen sts.

HONEY in the comb, a prime article, for sale by
[my 18] J. C. MILBURN.

COMMERCIAL.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, May 13.—Wheat is less firm, and prices are 2½c off; offerings of 2000 bushels, with sales of white at 130 and 143 for medium quality to prime, and red at 150 for fair, and 143, 146, 148 and 151 for good to choice. Corn is dull, and prices are 2c lower; offerings of 1500 bushels mixed, with sales at 95. Rye is in active request, with 1½c offerings; sales at 120.

ALEXANDRIA FISH MARKET, May 13, 1875.—The receipts since yesterday have been 2,000 Shad, which sold at from 95 to \$120 per hundred, and 4,000 Herring, which sold at 10 to \$1 00 per thousand.

In Washington, yesterday, 60,000 Shad sold at from 8 to \$10 per hundred; 60,000 Herrings sold at \$8 50 to \$9 per thousand, and 1000 Rock sold at 15c to \$1 spiece.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, MAY 13, 175.
Sun rose.....4 51 Moon sets.....1 45
Sun sets.....7 2 High water.....0 0

ARRIVED.

Steamer Express, Baltimore, to Broders & Co. She reports a loss of small schooners, bound up, ashore at Mathias Point.

Schr. Robert Seaman, for Georgetown.

Schr. T. P. Taylor, Salisbury for Washington.

Schr. Helen, Baltimore, to Smoot & Perry.

SAILED.

Steamer Jane Mosely, Norfolk, by F. A. Reed.

Schr. Maggie, Richmond, by Hooe & Johnston.

Schr. W. F. Garrison, Georgetown, by master, having been launched from the ways at the Alexandria Marine Railway.

Schr. Wm. Wilton, Ides & Latham, J. B. V. J. duzen, Hattie M. Howes, Emily H. Naylor, J. T. Weaver and Wm. J. Abbott, from Georgetown.

Schr. L. L. Young, Boston, by Hampshire and Baltimore Coal Co.

Schr. Cora, Boston, by J. P. Agnew.

MEMORANDA.

Schr. A. P. Kindberg, hence, at N. Haven 10th.

Schr. R. W. Gundry, for this port, cleared at Bristol 10th.

Schr. Mary E. Is, for this port, sailed